Title: DINNER CONVERSATIONS, LUKE 14:7-24 (Chatham, NJ; 08/28/16, AM) [Pc – Topical]

Theme: Jesus' dinner conversation exhorts us to make good choices to be humble, to entertain the poor, and to make sure we accept God's invitation to the Kingdom banquet.

Purpose: To exhort us to be humble, feed the poor, and not neglect our spiritual lives.

Introduction:

- 1. Jesus engages in dinner conversation.
- 2. He is at the table of a "ruler of the Pharisees," 1.
- 3. Whereas in last week's scripture the reason he gives for the healing was for providing the needs of animals, here it is for rescuing an animal or son in danger.
- 4. His hosts kept silent, 6.
- 5. He is more than just another guest. Jesus rebukes and teaches his hosts.
- 6. These are more than a list of good table manners.
- I. Choose the Lower Seats: Humility, 7-11
 - A. The Seating Arrangement
 - 1. Jesus addresses the guests who sought the most important seats, 7
 - 2. Choose the seats of lesser importance
 - 3. Maybe you'll be moved up
 - 4. This is all about status; to be held in high esteem by peers
 - 5. We presume to be somebody important
 - 6. Proverbs 25:6-7, in the king's presence: better to be brought forward
 - B. The broader lesson beyond seating choices
 - 1. Choose humility: a candid recognition of the limitations appropriate to the human being as a creature of the creator; He's God, you're not (I'm not)
 - 2. Seeking to be exalted is inappropriate in the Kingdom of God
 - 3. God opposes the proud
 - 4. He who exalts himself will be humbled, and he who humbles himself will be exalted, 11
 - 5. Humility in relationship to others is essential to an authentic relationship with God
- II. Choose Guests of Lower Social Status: Associate with the Lowly
 - A. Hospitality with a higher purpose
 - 1. Jesus specifically addresses his host
 - 2. "In the cultural circles of the elite and would-be elite in the Hellenistic world, to invite the poor and outcasts would be perceived as a reckless waste of social capital." (*Luke*, Garland, 578)
 - 3. The Pharisees had their own set of purity standards that created social distinctions.
 - 4. One of the shows Janet and I like to watch portrayed a man of means who married his servant girl: his peers looked down their noses on both of them
 - 5. Jesus rejects such stratification of society; James 2:9, partiality is a sin
 - 6. Doing what he suggests could alienate many friends
 - 7. Yet Paul tells the church: "Associate with the lowly," Romans 12:16
 - B. Choose a different reward
 - 1. Jesus has already taught that his disciples should lend without expecting anything in return, 6:32-36
 - 2. This is an extension of that
 - 3. He rejects the system based on balanced reciprocity

- 4. Hospitality loses its real significance when we only expect to be paid back
- 5. John Newton of Amazing Grace fame once said, "One would almost think that the passage . . . was not considered a part of God's word; at least I believe there is no passage so generally neglected by his own people." (*Luke*, Jeffrey, 186)
- 6. The payback is from God, not society
- 7. Can we not do this as a church? As individuals?

III. Choose to Attend the Banquet

A. Invitation spurned

- 1. In response to a comment from one of the guests, Jesus tells a parable in which the invitees make excuses for not attending
- 2. The guest may be assuming he has an assured place at the banquet table
- 3. The parable is a warning
- 4. Worldly concerns often triumph over spiritual needs
- 5. In relationship to the eternal kingdom, these excuses sound lame: a field, oxen, a wife
- 6. They reject the privilege offered to them

B. Note who does attend

- 1. All the people who are not in the inner sanctum of Pharisaic society are the ones who attend
- 2. These are the same people they are supposed to invite to their dinners
- 3. None of the original invitees will get to eat
- 4. It is their own choices that prevent them from sitting at God's table
- 5. The parable insinuates that those present at this dinner are refusing God's Kingdom
- 6. We must be careful to make sure we accept God's invitation

Conclusion:

- 1. Kingdom living begins with humility: humble yourself and you will be exalted.
- 2. Kingdom living also demands that we reject some of the social norms of worldly society: don't just hang around your personal a-listers.
- 3. Kingdom living finally demands attention to spiritual matters, response to the Gospel, and its daily demands.
- 4. The Gospel invites everyone to taste the forgiveness of God and to experience the hope of eternal life.
- 5. Don't keep refusing the invitation.