Title: THE DISHONEST MANAGER, LUKE 16:1 – 13 (Chatham, NJ; 09/18/16, AM) [Pc – Twin-Point Outline]

Theme: This parable teaches us to use worldly resources to make ourselves rich toward God.

Purpose: To explain what is commendable about the dishonest manager and to teach the three principles of how to view our wealth and resources.

Introduction:

- 1. Not many stories have caused as much confusion and consternation as this one.
- 2. In the middle of the Gospels it borders on being even a little bizarre.
- 3. Yet Jesus tells it and draws lessons from it.
- 4. Let's examine the parable and learn what we can.
- 5. There are two takeaways for us: first, take decisive action for your soul, and second, use worldly goods wisely, but keep them in perspective.
- I. Decisive Action
 - A. The story doesn't seem to fit
 - 1. How can a bad manager be commended for dishonesty?
 - 2. "What do malfeasance and fraud have to do with the Kingdom of God?"
 - 3. First, we don't know how he was "wasting" the master's possessions
 - 4. Second, was he making the books right: some say the manager was correcting a wrong by reducing the debts
 - 5. But if he is cheating the master further, why commend him?
 - 6. Where the story ends and where Jesus begins to teach seems abrupt (8)
 - 7. How can worldly wealth have anything to do with our eternal habitation, 9? Are we bribing our way into heaven?
 - 8. However, Jesus doesn't condemn his cheating but commends the bad manager
 - 9. For at least doing something of benefit for himself though it appears he does so with more crookedness?
 - B. Commended for shrewd, decisive action
 - 1. He concocts a plan for his welfare
 - 2. He sets up essentially a quid pro quo with the master's debtors
 - 3. They will feel indebted and perhaps thankful to him: he did something nice for us, so we'll do something nice for him
 - 4. It still sounds like he is cheating: perhaps there is something implied about this that was understood by Jesus' listeners but hidden from us
 - 5. He uses the resources available to him (admittedly the master's resources) to provide for himself
 - 6. Though he had "wasted" his master's possessions, the master at least can commend him for shrewd action
 - 7. Shrewdness prudence, not necessarily as negative idea as we might think of it
 - 8. In Greek thought, it referred to the ability to discern what is good for oneself as well as for society as a whole
 - 9. Connect to Prodigal Son who also took a decisive step despite his wayward lifestyle?
 - 10. It is his responsiveness that is praised, not the morality of his action
- II. Use of and Perspective on Wealth
 - A. Use worldly wealth
 - 1. People of this age versus the sons of light: the former know how to act with prudence
 - 2. "Make friends . . . by means of unrighteous wealth" it still doesn't sound right

- 3. So that you'll be accepted into eternal dwellings it now sounds even less right
- 4. If we let Scripture interpret itself, we come up with two related statements:
- 5. First, almsgiving is a means of laying up treasure in heaven, Mt. 6
- 6. Second, it is similar to 1 Timothy 6:17-19 lay a foundation for eternal life by using wealth
- B. Faithful in little = faithful in much
 - 1. Faithful with worldly wealth = faithful with eternal wealth
 - 2. In the Parable of the Talents in Matthew each faithful servant receives a reward; the reward is to enter the "joy of your master" echoes of a heavenly reward
 - 3. If you've not been faithful with these things, "who will entrust to you true riches?"
 - 4. In Luke's Ten Minas the one who made the most was given even more
 - 5. Also read verse 12 who will give you something of your own?
 - 6. God demands the wise use of what we've been given.
- C. Can't serve two masters
 - 1. Can't serve both God and money
 - 2. At first glance this seems like a contradiction to the story
 - 3. The parallel passage is Matthew 6:24 in the context of laying up treasure in heaven
 - 4. And it makes sense here in Luke because Jesus essentially puts money in its place seeing it as a tool, rather than an idol
 - 5. To be used wisely and for a greater, eternal purpose

Conclusion:

- 1. It takes decisive, prudent action to prepare for eternal life.
- 2. Opportunities to prepare for it perhaps come upon us at unusual times, but we must take advantage of them
- 3. Although wealth can be a trap for some people, it can also represent a great opportunity.
- 4. Put your wealth at God's disposal.
- 5. But first, put yourself at God's disposal by obeying the Gospel.